# Jail Status Report

FY 17/18 Second Quarter

Presented by: Chief Deputy Tom Green



#### **NSA On-Site Audit of Detention Facility**

- Broad areas covered by National Sheriff's Association's on-site audit included a review & recommendations of:
- Physical plant
- Processes used to move/house inmates
- Staffing needs for the facility
- Medical care provided to the inmate population
  - Including our practices dealing with mentally ill inmates and those suffering from substance abuse issues

### Security

- ▶ Detention Facility built in 1987 was designed to house lower risk inmates.
- ▶ 7 identical detached housing units, housed 72 inmates in 56 cells each, some double bunked.
- ► Housing units were initially built with porcelain toilet & sink, wooden desk, wooden bunk, and wooden door.

#### Security, cont.

- NSA recommends all of the housing units be hardened to include:
- ► Replace porcelain sink & toilet with detention grade steel.
- ► Bunk beds allow a gap between wall and bunk which provides a potential ligature point for inmates contemplating suicide.
- Existing design creates maintenance & security challenges; the costly revisions should be considered in County's CIP plan.

#### Welfare of Inmates

- ▶ Welfare of inmates in custody include these factors:
  - ► Health of inmates
  - Access to medical care
  - Infectious disease and vermin control
  - ► Food services
  - ► Environmental controls
  - ► Safety of inmates
  - ► Out of cell time

#### Welfare of Inmates: Restricted Housing

- Restricted or Segregation/Special Housing is an emerging national matter.
- ► Staffing inadequate to provide at least one (1) hour out of cell time for restricted housing inmates.
- Currently offered only 1.25 hours out of cell time every other day.
- ► Those affected by limitations include violent/assaultive inmates, gang members, disciplinary violators and severely mentally ill inmates.
- Directive to IMU to move away from restricted housing model.

# Welfare of Inmates: Mental Illness & Substance Abuse

- Mentally ill & substance abuse inmates are national challenge.
- ▶ WCSO recently reorganized our mental health unit, and are moving toward a model of engagement with inmates to improve health while in jail.
- ▶ Renewed focus to help this vulnerable population with the goal of reducing recidivism.
- Proactive measures taken to address growing opiate addiction issue in Washoe County.

#### Welfare of Inmates: Health Stats

- ▶ During FY 17/18 2nd Quarter:
  - Contracted medical staff performed 526 mental health evaluations,
  - Appx 1,800 inmates received mental health medications,
  - > 2,100 inmates were identified as suffering from a chronic medical issue,
  - ► And more than 3,600 inmates were prescribed medications.

### **Medical Billing**

- Inmates are billed for medical visits and medicines.
- ▶ Billing system is based on a co-pay, except for chronic care issues, mental health issues, and pregnancy care.
- Only hospital stays are billed to insurance.
- Last calendar year, inmates were billed in excess of \$145,000.

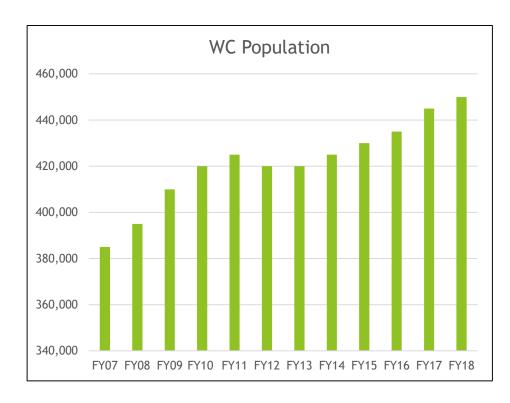
### Staffing

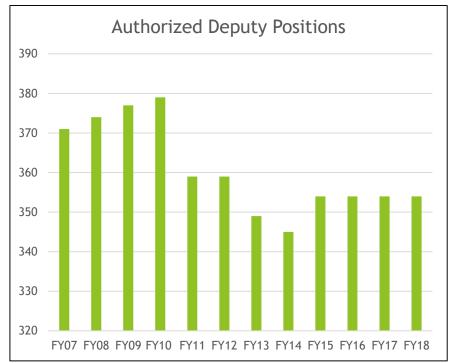
- Sheriff's Office submitted requests for additional sworn & non-sworn staff to effectively operate the Detention Facility while reducing overtime expenditures.
- Overtime is costly way to do business.
- Excessive overtime affects employee morale, productivity, and health.

### **Staffing**

- ► Authorized deputy sheriffs for Detention is 210. We have 210.
- After considering those in training and otherwise unavailable (48 in services, military, etc.) the number of deputy sheriffs to staff the facility is 147.
- ▶ 164 full time deputy sheriffs are needed to adequately staff the jail.
- For every 24/7 manned post, we need nearly 6 full time deputy sheriffs when accounting for leave use, training, etc.

## Jail Population vs. Authorized Deputies





#### Agencies Booking into the Jail

- During calendar year 2017, the jail accepted 21,435 inmates. Of those:
  - ▶ 43% were Reno Police Department arrests,
  - ▶ 13% were Washoe County Sheriff arrests,
  - ▶ 13% were Sparks Police Department arrests.
- ► Reno Municipal Court accounts for nearly 12% of total inmate population, being held on misdemeanor charges.

# Agencies Booking into the Jail: Court Transport

- ▶ Bookings translate into significant staff time later, including housing and transportation to court.
- During FY 16/17:
  - ► Transport to Reno Justice Court: 12,855
  - ► Transport to Reno Municipal Court: 5,619
- Arrests generated by Reno Police Department account for nearly half of the total court transports the Sheriff's Office does.
- ► Cost to transport is approximately \$170 per appearance.
- Staff assigned to Court Transport: 15 deputy sheriffs, 1 Sergeant.

#### Pre-Trial Risk Assessment

- Significant staff time dedicated to analysis of time in booking.
- ► Slight increase in average time spent in Intake (10.20 hours to 10.82 hours).
- ► As a result, we released almost 22% more inmates from Intake.
- ▶ Bail reform not designed to reduce inmate population.
- Challenges persist with judicial review of money bail.

#### Pre-Trial Risk Assessment: Pros & Cons

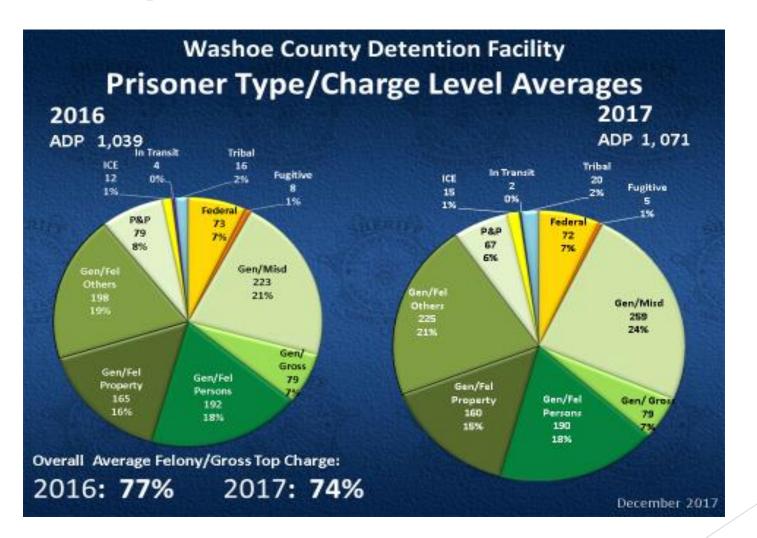
#### PROS:

- ▶ Better understanding of our jail population.
- ▶ With assessment, County has been in line with national push and injustices facing indigent offenders.

#### **CONS:**

- ► Any new or changed processes cause a delay.
- ▶ Lack of bail amount at booking causes additional work for civilian staff.
- ► Equates to the need for an additional full-time booking employee 24/7, which would represent additional FTEs.

## **Inmate Population**



# **Average Daily Population**

